Roll No ....

## CE-7004 (1) (CBGS)

## **B.E. VII Semester**

Examination, November 2019

## Choice Based Grading System (CBGS) Pavement Design

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: i) Attempt any five questions

- ii) All questions carry equal marks,
- iii) Assume missing data suitably if required.
- a) Calculate ESWO of a dual wheel assembly carrying 2044 kg each for trial pavement thickness values of 150, 200 and 250 mm centre to centre spacing between the two tyres = 270 mm and clear gap between the walls of the tyres = 110 mm.
  - Explain various factors affecting the design of flexible pavement.
- a) Discuss different component of a cross-section of flexible pavement with neat diagram.
  - b) Write a short note on the stress distribution through various layer in flexible pavement.
- Explain the plate bearing test procedure for calculation of the modulus of subgrade reaction (K) and how are the correction for the subgrade modulus, K made for a different plate size and for accounting for worst moisture conditions.

- 4. a) What are the factors causing warping stresses in rigid pavements?
  - b) What are the factors affecting temperature differential in rigid pavements?
- What are the function of dowel bars? Explain its design steps.
- a) Mention the causes of distress in flexible pavements. 7
  - Explain present serviceability index.
- Design the CC pavement thickness expansion and contraction joint spacing for a wheel load of 5200 kg. Assume all data suitably.
- 8. a) Compute the radius of relative stiffness of 20 cm thick CC slab using the following data: 7
   Modulus of elasticity of CC = 2.1 × 10<sup>5</sup> kg/cm<sup>2</sup>
   Poisson's ratio for concrete = 0.15
   Modulus of subgrade reaction 'k' = (i) 3.2 kg/cm<sup>3</sup>
   (ii) 7.0 kg/cm<sup>3</sup>
  - b) Discuss the advantages and limitations of CBR method of design.

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